UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

GARY LEE BENNETT,

Plaintiff,

v.

MICHAEL MEISNER, TERRY SAWALL, MICHELLE SMITH, MICHAEL REIGH, ASHLEY FREITAG, DAISY CHASE, ED WALL, and JON LISCHTER, Case No. 15-CV-1097-JPS

ORDER

Defendants.

On November 4 and November 7, 2016, the plaintiff and defendants, respectively, filed motions for summary judgment. (Docket #74, #83, and #86). On November 14, 2016, the plaintiff filed a motion seeking to access his release account funds to pay the printing and postage costs he anticipates will be necessary to complete briefing on those motions. (Docket #90). The Court is obliged to deny the plaintiff's request.

While it is true that this Court has the authority to order disbursements from a prisoner's release account for payment of an initial partial filing fee ("IPFF"), see, e.g., Doty v. Doyle, 182 F.Supp.2d 750, 751 (E.D. Wis. 2002) (noting that "both the Wisconsin Prison Litigation Reform Act...and the federal Prison Litigation Reform Act [("PLRA")]...authorize the courts to order that...a prisoner's release account be made available [to pay an IPFF]"), this Court lacks the authority—statutory or otherwise—to order that a prisoner may tap into his release account to pay current (or future) litigation costs. *Cf. Wilson v. Anderson*, No. 14-CV-0798, 2014 WL 3671878, at *3 (July 23, 2014) (declining to order that a prisoner's full filing fee be paid from his release account, "[g]iven the [DOC's] rationale for

segregating funds into a release account" and the absence of any statutory authority compelling the court to do so).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, denying prisoners the use of their release accounts to fund litigation costs is also prudent given that those accounts are "restricted account[s] maintained by the [DOC] to be used upon the prisoner's release from custody." *Id.* Permitting a prisoner to invade that account for litigation costs could be a detriment to that prisoner's likelihood of success post-incarceration, see Wis. Adm. Code. § DOC 309.466 (stating that disbursements from a prisoner's release account are authorized "for purposes that will aid the inmate's reintegration into the community"), especially if the prisoner is overly litigious. As the Seventh Circuit has instructed, "like any other civil litigant, [a prisoner] must decide which of [his] legal actions is important enough to fund," Lindell, 352 F.3d 1107, 1111 (7th Cir. 2003); thus, if a prisoner concludes that "the limitations on his funds prevent him from prosecuting [a] case with the full vigor he wishes to prosecute it, he is free to choose to dismiss it voluntarily and bring it at a later date." Williams v. Berge, No. 02-CV-10, 2002 WL 32350026, at *8 (W.D. Wis. Apr. 30, 2002). He is not free, however, to tap into his release account to cover those legal costs. In light of the foregoing, the Court is obliged to deny the plaintiff's motion to use release account funds to pay for printing and postage.

Accordingly,

IT IS ORDERED that the plaintiff's motion for order permitting access to release account funds (Docket #90) be and the same is hereby DENIED.

Dated at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, this 2nd day of December, 2016.

BY THE COURT:

s/ J. P. Stadtmueller

J.P. Stadtmueller U.S. District Judge